

# WORKFORCE HOUSING 101: FOR SALE HOUSING

December 15, 2023



# LA PLATA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ALLIANCE

#### **OUR MISSION**

To create a vibrant and resilient economy from the recruitment, retainment, and growth of business, by fostering public and private partnerships, and preserving our quality of life.

#### **OUR VISION**

The Alliance will enable La Plata County to be one of the most vital, vibrant communities in the country to live, work, learn, and play.





# **OUR TEAM**

#### **BOARD**

The Alliance Board consists of nine representatives. Five representatives are from the private sector and are elected for three-year terms by Alliance members. The four public sector representatives are appointed by their respective jurisdictions. One public sector representative serves from each of our three communities (Durango, Bayfield, and Ignacio) as well as La Plata County to ensure that the Alliance represents all of La Plata County.

#### **STAFF**

Mike French, Executive Director
Sarah Tober, Deputy Director
J.J. Desrosiers, Program Manager
Sarah Schwartz, Housing Strategy
Manager



### ABOUT PROJECT MOXIE

**Project Moxie** is an affordable housing and homelessness solutions strategy consulting firm. Working alongside communities, we connect them with the right resources and funding to create affordable, green, and safe housing for everyone, everywhere.

#### Jenn Lopez, President (she/her/hers)

- Fort Lewis College Class of 1995 Go Skyhawks!
- Over 20 years of experience in affordable housing.
- Held a senior position in the Hickenlooper administration in Colorado and led regional housing efforts in southwest Colorado for several years.
- Loves working with local community leaders and excels at both strategy development and implementation work.
- Masterful resource developer. I love asking for dollars and helping you to design your program and tell your story.
- Current clients include: The Anchorum Health Foundation, Santa Fe County, Fort Morgan Family Center, Santa Fe Community Foundation, La Plata Economic Development Alliance, Total Concept and MGL Partners.











# **PRESENTATION**

- **Creating the Context: Market Context**
- For Sale Strategies
- Accessing mortgages and training
- HomesFund mortgage programs
- 5. Q&A/Discussion







# WHAT'S CAUSING DEMAND ISSUES?



In short, we have not kept up with market demand for years. Present day contributing factors include:

- 1. COVID impacts we had an increase in demand as people "fled" urban areas to work remotely from here. We have less than 2 weeks of inventory. A balanced market is 6 months of inventory.
- **2. Supply chain issues** we can't get the materials to build, or the prices are inflated.
- **3. Land inventory** we don't have enough land with infrastructure at scale ready to go.
- 4. Labor issues we don't have enough labor to build.
- **5. Market mismatch** The market builds to the market: if the demand is for high-end homes, that is what we get.
- **6. Wages** wage growth has significantly lagged behind rent and home price increases year over year.

### WHAT IS "AFFORDABLE HOUSING"?

Affordable housing means paying no more than 30% of gross income for rent/mortgage + utilities.

Regulated affordable housing — what we commonly refer to as "affordable housing" are homes that have income restrictions. When the public sector invests in a housing unit, a restrictive covenant or land use restriction agreement is recorded. These limit the cost of the unit and who is eligible to rent or buy the home.

Naturally occurring affordable housing (NOAH) — this is market-rate housing that happens to be leased or sold affordably.





# TRADITIONALLY CONSIDERED "AFFORDABLE HOUSING"

Area Median Income (AMI) = \$61,400 (one person)

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<b>x30</b> %	\$18,420	\$21,060	\$23,700	\$26,310	A single parent working 40
x50%	\$30,700	\$35,100	\$39,500	\$43,850	hours/week at minimum wage
x60%	\$36,840	\$42,120	\$47,400	\$52,620	Two parents each working full
x80%	\$49,120	\$56,160	\$63,200	\$70,160	time at minimum wage.
x100%	\$61,400	\$70,200	\$79,00	\$87,700	





AMI	1	2	3	4
50%	\$36,400	\$41,600	\$46,800	\$51,950
60%	\$43,680	\$49,920	\$56,160	\$62,340
65%	\$47,320	\$54,080	\$60,840	\$67,535
70%	\$50,960	\$58,240	\$65,520	\$72,730
80%	\$58,240	\$66,560	\$74,880	\$83,120
90%	\$65,520	\$74,880	\$84,240	\$93,510
95%	\$69,160	\$79,040	\$88,920	\$98,705
100%	\$72,800	\$83,200	\$93,600	\$103,900
110%	\$80,080	\$91,520	\$102,960	\$114,290
125%	\$91,000	\$104,000	\$117,000	\$129,875
140%	\$101,920	\$116,480	\$131,040	\$145,460
160%	\$116,480	\$133,120	\$149,760	\$166,240

#### Affordable Purchase Price (2023 HUD-derived numbers)

er more li	Number of Perso						
AMI	1	2	3	4			
50%	\$93,569	\$100,283	\$124,050	\$126,242			
60%	\$126,844	\$138,311	\$166,831	\$173,731			
65%	\$143,481	\$157,324	\$188,222	\$197,475			
70%	\$160,118	\$176,338	\$209,612	\$221,219			
80%	\$193,392	\$214,366	\$252,393	\$268,708			
90%	\$226,666	\$252,393	\$295,174	\$316,197			
95%	\$243,303	\$271,407	\$316,565	\$339,941			
100%	\$259,940	\$290,421	\$337,955	\$363,686			
110%	\$293,214	\$328,449	\$380,736	\$411,174			
125%	\$343,125	\$385,490	\$444,908	\$482,408			
140%	\$393,037	\$442,531	\$509,079	\$553,641			
160%	\$459,585	\$518,586	\$594,642	\$648,618			

#### MORE TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

#### 1. Workforce Housing

Used often at the local level to define the need of the low-moderate income workforce. This includes those in the service, recreation, and often civil service sectors.

#### 2. Middle Income Housing

Used to indicate affordability for white collar households.

#### 3. Community Housing

Used to indicate affordability for low to moderate income households with an emphasis on local residents.

#### 4. Attainable Housing

Used interchangeably with the categories to the left and above depending on context. Usually not used to refer to very low income housing.

#### **Below-Market Housing**

Housing at affordability levels that the market currently does not provide on its own.

We prefer this term because it eliminates the ambiguity or preconceived notions sometimes elicited by the categories to the left.

**Example:** many very low income households work, some moderate income households don't work, and none of the categories to the right explicitly name seniors adults.



#### FOR SALE STRATEGIES & TOOLS

Below market housing tends to be developed through one of two of the following strategies:

Note: these strategies can be (and often are) combined.

#### **Development Subsidy**

Reduce the costs of developing new belowmarket housing so people earning a certain income level can afford it.

Put another way, it allows the developer to be able to afford to offer below market prices without impacting their development.

In essence, it brings housing costs down to match local incomes.

#### **Household Subsidy**

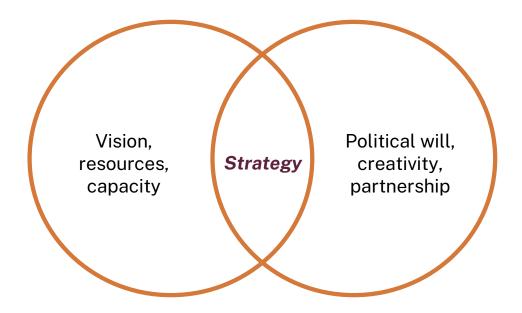
Reduce a person's housing costs through mortgage assistance, a reduced interest rate on their mortgage, DPA assistance etc.

In either case, a payment is provided to the household to cover the difference between what they can afford (<30% of income) and what their housing costs.

In essence, it adds to household income or decreases principal amount of a mortgage.



# STRATEGY DEVELOPMENT





Housing strategy emerges where a community's vision, resources, and capacity meets political will, creativity, and partnership.

### FOR SALE STRATEGIES

**Land** - Getting free or discounted land is a common practice for providing affordable housing units for sale.

**Infrastructure** - Using grants or low-cost loans to pay for infrastructure for a development is a growing practice but not as common as others because there are limited grant and loan programs for infrastructure.

**Development Costs** - This is accessing state and federal programs to provide gap funding for construction. Most state programs will not provide more than 50-60k for subsidy.

Fee Waivers - This is a common practice that local governments use to subsidize affordable units. This waiver is anywhere from 10k-40k

**Density** - Allowing more units decreases costs, as does developing attached units.

**Cross-subsidy** - This approach is a set-aside of affordable within a larger development model.



# FOR SALE SUBSIDY SOURCES

Federal Housing Programs Do Not Subsidize For-Sale at the Same Level as Rental Housing creating a larger gap and challenge to developing affordable for-sale housing.

Federal Resources that are available are extremely limited (HOME, CDBG) and create additional requirements and process.

**State Resources** - There is more now than there has been previously, but it is still limited to 50-60k per unit on average.

**DOLA Infrastructure Funds** - This is a new source but is time limited. I don't think there will be future funding rounds for infrastructure unless there is new legislation.

#### **Community Second Mortgage Programs -**

This is the most successful program in our community and is managed by the HomesFund. Seconds are stacked to create an affordable mortgage amount and payment.





# FOR-SALE EXAMPLE

Total cost to Build a Townhome: \$550,000

**DOH Gap Funding (40k a unit):** \$510,000

**HomesFund Second Mortgage:** (\$100k)

**Total Home Price:** \$410,000





### PRIVATE SECTOR STRATEGIES

Work with employers to identify resources including potential redevelopment sites.

Continue building mortgage assistance programs-employer funded that can be matched with public resources.

What is the current development pipeline and is there an immediate opportunity to work with private developers to decrease costs to deliver some below market housing?

Educate private sector on opportunities with new federal and state funds.





# **PUBLIC SECTOR STRATEGIES**

Repurpose underutilized assets.

Identify redevelopment opportunities

Create public will for increased residential development.

Identify incentives like predevelopment funding to activate public and private sites.

Fund and support existing programs and other nonprofit partners to scale efforts when possible and build local capacity for the long-term.

Identify/create a local public funding stream for housing.



# ABOUT COMMUNITY INVESTMENT ALLIANCE

**Community Investment Alliance** partners with local communities to develop housing solutions across the continuum, create culturally appropriate services programming, and increase food access through strategic, community-led initiatives.

We are a 501c3 organization based out of Aurora, Colorado.

#### **OUR TEAM**

Dr. Kathleen Van Voorhis - Chief Executive Officer; Co-Founder

Jennifer Lopez - Co-Founder; Strategic Advisor

Peter Lifari - Board President

Berenice Lozano - Housing Fellow











# EMPOWERING COMMUNITIES: Housing Fellow

The Alliance created a housing fellowship program this year to create opportunities for community leaders from diverse backgrounds to learn more about the affordable housing sector.

The role was created in partnership with the Good Food Collective. We are also proud to be working with Elevation Community Land Trust.



**Bere Lozano**, first Housing Fellow in Southwest Colorado, is a Bilingual mortgage broker raised in Durango area.

**Role:** Learn about the housing needs of Spanish Speakers in La Plata County, identify housing resources and help connect housing resources to this community.





# **COMMUNITY ACCESS = EQUITY**

As a Housing Fellow and local mortgage lender focusing on the Hispanic population, my role is critical in bridging gaps and addressing the specific needs of this community in the home-buying process.

By taking a holistic and culturally sensitive approach, I can play a vital role in making homeownership more accessible and empowering for the Hispanic population in our local area. Building trust and providing tailored support will contribute to a more inclusive and successful home-buying experience. Our strategies include:

- Cultural Sensitivity and Language Accessibility
- Community Outreach
- Use of Technology
- Partnerships with Realtors and Lenders
- Financial Literacy Programs

- Legal Assistance
- Collaboration with Local Government Agencies
- Community Testimonials
- Accessible Financial Tools
- Regular Follow-ups and Support



# **CHALLENGES AND BARRIERS**

Common challenges and cultural barriers to accessing Housing Resources for this segment of the community include:

- Language Barriers
- Credit and Financial Literacy
- Trust and Banking Habits
- Fear of Discrimination
- Documentation Challenges

- Family Dynamics
- Lack of Representation
- Government Programs Awareness
- Cultural Expectations
- Location Preferences



### LISTENING TO COMMUNITY IS KEY

# Strategies for actively listening to community needs and concerns:

- Community Surveys
- Focus Groups
- Community Events and Workshops
- Collaborate with Community Leaders
- Cultural Liaisons
- Language Accessibility
- Open Door Policy
- Social Media Engagement
- Educational Workshops in Spanish
- Feedback Mechanisms
- Regular Check-ins











### **EMPOWERING THROUGH EDUCATION**

Initiatives to educate the community on housing matters:

- Bilingual Educational Materials
- Workshops and Seminars
- Online Webinars
- Community Events
- Collaboration with Community Organizations
- Financial Literacy Programs
- One-on-One Counseling Sessions

- Interactive Online Resources
- Government Programs Awareness
   Campaigns
- Real-life Success Stories
- Cultural Competency Training for Staff
- Social Media Engagement



### **NAVIGATING THROUGH HOME PURCHASE**

#### Support offered in navigating the home purchase process:

- Cultural Sensitivity and Communication
- Language Access
- Educational Workshops
- Financial Literacy
- Access to Down Payment Assistance
- · Credit Building
- Local Market Knowledge
- Legal Guidance
- Networking with Hispanic Professionals
- Support Throughout the Process
- Community Resources
- Celebrate Milestones
- Post-Purchase Support
- Collect Feedback





#### ONE ON ONE SUPPORT

#### **Importance of Personalized Interactions:**

- Cultural Sensitivity
- Trust Building
- Addressing Unique Needs
- Language Considerations
- Navigating Complex Processes
- Financial Literacy

#### **How to Implement Personalized Interactions:**

- Individual Counseling Session
- Customized Educational Workshops
- Flexible Communication Channels
- Community Outreach Events
- Utilize Cultural Liaisons
- Regular Check-ins
- Feedback Loops
- Localized Marketing Strategies
- Follow-up Support





# **2024 PLANS**

- Ongoing conversations through Voces de la Comunidad, Compañeros and other partner organizations.
- Pilot a new culturally responsive homebuyer education program
- Use community surveys to confirm challenges and opportunities
- Continue working with Good Food Collective's Voces de la Comunidad initiative
- Work with partners and Alliance to Identify ways to increase access to resources for this community.



# Connect with me!

Berenice Lozano
Housing Fellow
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Thank You for Building a Stronger Community!



# QUESTIONS?

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